

HOSTAFORM® M25-45XAP®

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Hostaform® acetal copolymer grade M25-45XAP® is a UV stabilized material displaying high viscosity compared to standard UV acetal copolymer grades such as Celcon® M90-45H. Hostaform® M25-45XAP® has lower volatile emissions as required for some automotive interiors.

Product information

Resin Identification	POM	ISO 1043
Part Marking Code	>POM<	ISO 11469

Rheological properties

Melt volume-flow rate	2.2 cm ³ /10min	ISO 1133
Temperature	190 °C	
Load	2.16 kg	

Typical mechanical properties

Tensile modulus	2500 MPa	ISO 527-1/-2
Tensile stress at yield, 50mm/min	63 MPa	ISO 527-1/-2
Tensile strain at yield, 50mm/min	11 %	ISO 527-1/-2
Flexural modulus	2400 MPa	ISO 178
Charpy notched impact strength, 23 °C	8 kJ/m ²	ISO 179/1eA
Poisson's ratio	0.38 ^[C]	

[C]: Calculated

Thermal properties

Melting temperature, 10 °C/min	166 °C	ISO 11357-1/-3
Temperature of deflection under load, 1.8 MPa	90 °C	ISO 75-1/-2
Coefficient of linear thermal expansion (CLTE), parallel	110 E-6/K	ISO 11359-1/-2
Coefficient of linear thermal expansion (CLTE), normal	110 E-6/K	ISO 11359-1/-2

Physical/Other properties

Humidity absorption, 2mm	0.2 %	Sim. to ISO 62
Water absorption, 2mm	0.75 %	Sim. to ISO 62
Density	1410 kg/m ³	ISO 1183

Injection

Drying Recommended	no
Drying Temperature	100 °C
Drying Time, Dehumidified Dryer	3 - 4 h
Processing Moisture Content	≤0.2 %
Melt Temperature Optimum	190 °C
Min. melt temperature	180 °C
Max. melt temperature	200 °C
Screw tangential speed	≤0.3 m/s
Mold Temperature Optimum	100 °C
Min. mould temperature	80 °C
Max. mould temperature	120 °C
Hold pressure range	60 - 120 MPa

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Back pressure 4 MPa

Characteristics

Processing	Injection Moulding
Delivery form	Pellets
Special characteristics	U.V. stabilised or stable to weather, Low emissions

Additional information

Injection molding

Preprocessing

Drying is generally not required because Celcon® and Hostaform® acetal copolymers are not hygroscopic nor are they degraded by moisture during processing. Excessive moisture can lead to splay (silver streaking) in molded parts. For better uniformity in molding especially when using regrind or material that has been stored in containers open to the atmosphere, recommended drying conditions are 80 C (180 F) for 3hours. Desiccant hopper dryers are not required. Maximum water content = 0.35%

Processing

Standard reciprocating screw injection molding machines with a high compression screw (minimum 3:1 and preferably 4:1) and low back pressure (0.35 Mpa/50 PSI) are favored. Using a low compression screw (I.E. general purpose 2:1 compression ratio) can result in unmelted particles and poor melt homogeneity. Using a high back pressure to make up for a low compression ratio may lead to excessive shear heating and deterioration of the material.

Melt Temperature: Preferred range 182-199 C (360-390 F). Melt temperature should never exceed 230 C (450 F).

Mold Surface Temperature: Preferred range 82-93 C (180-200 F) especially with wall thickness less than 1.5 mm (0.060 in.). May require mold temperature as high as 120 C (250 F) to reproduce mold surface or to assure minimal molded in stress. Wall thickness greater than 3mm (1/8 in.) may use a cooler (65 C/150 F) mold surface temperature and wall thickness over 6mm (1/4 in.) may use a cold mold surface down to 25 C (80 F). In general, mold surface temperatures lower than 82 C (180 F) may hinder weld line formation and produce a hazy surface or a surface with flow lines, pits and other included defects that can hinder part performance.

It is also suitable for rotational molding.

Postprocessing

Postprocessing conditioning and moisturizing are not required. It may be necessary to fixture large or complicated parts with varying wall thickness to prevent warpage while cooling to ambient temperature.

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Processing Notes

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Pre-Drying

Drying is not normally required. If material has come in contact with moisture through improper storage or handling or through regrind use, drying may be necessary to prevent splay and odor problems.